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Tracy Funches
Operations Coordinator

Kyle Greer EMS Coordinator

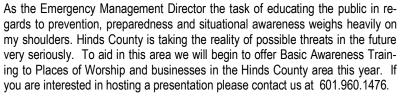
Robin Garrard
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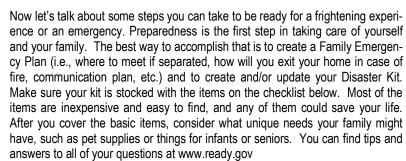
Kenneth Smith 911 Coordinator

Brandy Martin Administrative Assistant

## From the Desk of the Director

Hopefully you all had a Merry Christmas and a Happy New Year. Last year brought a lot of good and some not so great things. We as a nation witnessed a mass shooting in Las Vegas and a church shooting in Texas along with many other incidents across the world as a whole. Sadly, we are now living in a time of uncertainty and although we can't stop bad things from happening we can learn to be prepared for them.





- Water: One gallon per person per day for at least 3 days, for drinking and sanitation
- ◆ Food : At least a 3 day supply of non-perishable food
- ♦ Battery-powered or hand crank radio and NOAA weather radio
- Flashlight
- ♦ First aid kit
- Extra batteries
- ♦ Whistle to signal for help
- ♦ Moist towelettes, garbage bags and plastic ties for personal sanitation
- ♦ Wrench or pliers (non-sparking) to turn off utilities
- ♦ Manual can opener



Ricky Moore, Director







## From the Desk of the Director (continued)

- Local maps
- Cell phone with chargers
- Prescriptions medicines and non-prescriptions medicines
- ♦ Glasses/contacts lens solution
- ♦ Infant formula, bottles, diapers, wipes, etc.
- Pet Supplies
- ♦ Money (cash or travelers checks)

Another vital step in personal safety is to be aware of your surroundings. Situational awareness is the capability to identify and process possible dangers in your environment. It is your ability to comprehend what is going on around you which gives you the opportunity to escape or even prevent the danger represented by a scenario or a person. Being more aware does not mean you are looking for trouble, it is actually the most effective way to avoid it all together.

Below are some tips to help you in this area:

- Assess Your Environment: Assess your surroundings for threats. Be aware of what is normal in your situation. Identify and measure the danger of things you see around you. Imagine and consider how you would escape from different types of incidents. Look for ways out of your current location if you needed to leave quickly.
- ♦ Control Your Focus and Attention: Don't assume that odd behavior does not pose a threat. Approach each situation as though it could become dangerous. Don't be distracted by things like your phone or loud music. Wearing earphones while walking around in public might keep you from hearing/seeing a potential threat. Don't lose track of time, be sure you know how long it's been since you saw your child at the park or how long ago it was that your friend went to the restroom. Time is valuable in times of trouble. Fight against complacency, don't get too comfortable and most importantly if you SEE SOMETHING that makes you uncomfortable or is out of place then SAY SOMETHING to somebody of authority. Use your peripheral vision to identify threats, staring may draw unwanted attention to yourself causing a possible threat to become a real one.
- ♦ Be Aware in Dangerous Situations: Try to predict upcoming incidents around you, for example, you are driving behind a school bus, therefore you can reasonably predict that it may stop in front of you to let children on or off. Another scenario could be that you are in a crowd of people and notice that some of them are arguing, in this situation you can assume that it could turn into a fight, which may be a sign that you should leave the area. Trust your gut feelings, if you feel uneasy trust that feeling because it's always better to be safe than sorry. Position yourself to easily be able to identify threats. In crowds you should try to have your back up against a wall so you can see anybody approaching you. It's also a good idea to be near exits which make a quick escape easier if needed. If anybody comes into your personal space be quick to identify if they may pose any possible threat, such as carrying or concealing a weapon or hiding their hands or using them in an aggressive manner towards you.

We already mentioned the importance of "SEE SOMETHING, SAY SOMETHING" but we can't stress enough how important that may be for you, your family or others in the area. If you notice unusual items or situations, people asking questions that seem more than just curiosity, or you notice somebody paying extra attention to buildings or facilities then please SAY SOMETHING. Some of these things may be purely innocent, but let law enforcement determine whether it warrants investigating.

**How to Report Suspicious Activity:** Public safety is everybody's responsibility. If you see something suspicious, report it to your local law enforcement office or to a person of authority. Describe specifically what you observed, including: Who or what you saw; When you saw it; Where it occurred; and Why it's suspicious.

If you have questions or would like additional information regarding the Basic Awareness Training provided by the Hinds County Department of Emergency Management call 601.960.1476. I hope you have a happy, healthy and safe new year.

Sincerely,

Rich J. Moore

## **Volunteers NEEDED for Hinds County Fire Services**

The fire and rescue service is one of the most diverse and challenging professions today. It is the diversity that inspires most men and women to enter the service -both as volunteers and career employees. Imagine having to train to prepare yourself to cope with situations which range from building fires to childbirth to hazardous chemical spills to heart attacks, and almost any imaginable emergency situation in between. This diversity is coupled with the fact that these skills may be needed at any time of the day, seven days a week, in any kind of weather and very often under potentially stressful and emotional circumstances. These challenges contribute to our profession being personally rewarding.

As volunteers, we are here for two basic purposes. The first is to prevent fires or medical emergencies from occurring. This is achieved through fire prevention, health maintenance education, inspections, fire safety education, and code enforcement programs. Secondly, we are here to prepare ourselves to control fire or medical emergencies, should prevention fail. This is done through education, training, pre-incident planning, more training, state-of-the-art equipment, and more training. We are a paramilitary profession working in a "hurry up and wait" environment.

This business is not for everyone. You need more than just a desire to help people. You need courage and dedication, assertiveness, and a willingness to learn new skills and face new challenges. And you need to have the time for training sessions, meetings, emergency calls, maintenance of equipment, and other duties. The fire and rescue service is not for the meek or timid or for those who lose control during times of crises. Our service is one which calls on its members to perform hot, sweaty, dirty, and strenuous work, often in uncertain and hazardous environments.

The personal rewards and satisfaction received from the fire and rescue service are often beyond description. There is a sense of accomplishment after controlling a building fire, joy and elation when a child is born, compassion for accident victims, and fulfillment in teaching fire safety. This list goes on and on. The bottom line in our business is measured by the loss of life, pain and suffering and property damage we have prevented or reduced. We are here and prepared for one reason, and that is to provide service to the people." Passage was taken from FEMA's Retention and Recruitment manual titled "The Nature of the Business – A Picture of What It's Like to Volunteer in the Fire Service.

There are twelve volunteer fire departments within Hinds County which ensures that there is one near you. Maybe you have a desire to leave a legacy of service for your children and grandchildren. Maybe you are the grandchild of somebody who has served in fire service for their entire life and you want to be a part of that legacy. Maybe you have had a medical emergency or a fire at your home and volunteer fire personnel responded and you are so thankful that you want to give back to your community in the same way. Then this article was written just for you.

There are many roles to fill within Hinds County Fire Services. Everybody has a skill that can be used in one of our departments. Whether you are a nurse, EMT, paramedic or would like to fight fires there is a place for you. If you have administrative skills, are comfortable with maintenance, checking equipment regularly or cleaning up around the station there is a place for you.

If you believe you have what it takes to become a member of the Hinds County Volunteer Fire Services and you live in the rural areas of Hinds County contact our office at 601.960.1476 for an application. You may also apply on our Facebook page at www.facebook.com/HindsEOC

After you return your completed application we will provide your information to the appropriate volunteer fire chief.





### Below is a list of departments looking for dedicated volunteers to join their ranks:

Bench Volunteer Fire Department 7460 Old Port Gibson Rd. Utica, Ms 39175

Bolton Volunteer Fire Department 117 W. Madison St. Bolton, MS 39041

Brownsville Volunteer Fire Department Station 1: 8057 Bolton Brownsville Rd. Bolton, MS 39041

Station 2: 4675 Farr Rd. Edwards, MS 39066

Byram Volunteer Fire Department 2571 Davis Rd. Terry, MS 39170 Crossroads Volunteer Fire Department 3660 Dry Grove Rd. Terry, MS 39170

Learned Volunteer Fire Department 323 Front St. Raymond, MS 39154

Maclean Volunteer Fire Department 1367 Ross Circle Jackson, MS 39209

Pocahontas Volunteer Fire Department 1140 FOA Road, Jackson, MS 39209

Raymond Volunteer Fire Department 109 Court St. Raymond, MS 39154 Terry Volunteer Fire Department Station 1: 2001 Tank Rd. Terry, MS 39170

Station 2: 129 Railroad Ave. Terry, MS 39170

Utica Volunteer Fire Department Station 1: 105 Depot St. Utica, MS 39175

Station 2: 111 School St. Utica, MS 39175

West Hinds Volunteer Fire Department 203 Main St.. Edwards, MS 39066



## **Emergency Management Institute (EMI) - Basic Academy**

The National Emergency Management Basic Academy is a gateway for individuals pursuing a career in emergency management. Similar to basic academies operated by the fire service and law enforcement communities, the National Emergency Management Basic Academy will provide a foundational education in emergency management.

The goal of the Basic Academy is to support the early careers of emergency managers through a training experience combining knowledge of all fundamental systems, concepts, and practices of cutting-edge emergency management. The Academy provides shared classrooms of adult learners and skillful instructors resulting in a solid foundation upon which to build further studies and sound decisions.

The National Emergency Management Basic Academy is designed for newly appointed emergency managers with less than three years of experience, including members of State, local, tribal, and territorial homeland security or emergency services programs; Nongovernmental organizations, voluntary agencies, or professional organizations; Private sector emergency management offices; College or university emergency management staff; and FEMA, federal partners, military and emergency managers at other departments or agencies.

The Basic Academy consists of the following classroom courses. Attendance at each course is required. E/L0101, Foundations of Emergency Management, should be taken first but is not required.

- ♦ E/L0101, Foundations of Emergency Management (80 hours) 10 days
- ♦ E/L0102, Science of Disaster (approx. 24 hours) 3 days
- ♦ E/L0103, Planning: Emergency Operations (16 hours) 2 days
- ♦ E/L0104, Exercise Design (16 hours) 2 days
- ♦ E/L0105, Public Information and Warning (16 hours) 2 days
- ♦ Total hours: 152 hours

In 2017, the Mississippi Emergency Management Agency hosted a state sponsored Basic Academy for local emergency management personnel across Mississippi. Approximately 30 people applied and were accepted into the Basic Academy. Robin Garrard, Planner Coordinator with Hinds County's Department of Emergency Management was among those who were accepted. Robin said "I look forward to continuing to grow in the field of emergency management by attending the Advanced Academy in 2018/2019 and I appreciate being given the opportunity by the powers that be in Hinds County." It was an honor for Hinds County to be represented among those who were part of the first graduating class in the Great State of Mississippi.

(Source: https://training.fema.gov/empp/basic.aspx)



Left to Right: Tony Russell - EMI Superintendent, Robin Garrard, Planner Coordinator, Lee Smithson MEMA Executive Director



Presenting Mississippi's 1st Graduating Class from the National Emergency Management Institute's Basic Academy on October 13, 2017.



## Winter in Mississippi

Surprisingly, it actually feels like winter in Mississippi right now. Let's talk about some things you should do to be safe and stay healthy during this unusually cold weather. It is vitally important to stay warm, if possible stay indoors, dress warmly and seal drafts from doors and windows. If you have to be outdoors there are things you can do to reduce health risks, such as wear loose-fitting layered clothes for more warmth, wear mittens rather than gloves—mittens are warmer, and cover your mouth to protect your lungs from extremely cold air. Rarely in Mississippi do we see conditions that warrant concern of frostbite or hypothermia but we are currently experiencing one of those times. It is a good idea to know the signs to watch for.

- Frostbite: Feelings of "pins & needles" followed by numbness. Skin may freeze hard and look white.
   When thawed out, skin is red and painful. Very bad frostbite may cause blisters or gangrene (black, dead tissue).
- Hypothermia: Uncontrolled shivering, slow speech, memory loss, stumbling, sleepiness and extreme tiredness.



If you think you have frostbite or hypothermia, do not eat or drink anything containing caffeine or alcohol—they can worsen your symptoms. Drink warm liquids. And though we don't see much snow around here, do not eat snow! It can lower your body temperature and help bring on hypothermia.

Vehicle maintenance is also very important during winter weather. You should check the antifreeze and oil levels and be sure your brakes, battery, lights, heater/defroster and tires are all in good working order especially prior to a road trip. It is also a good idea to have preparedness kit in your car including: windshield scraper, flashlight, battery powered radio, extra batteries, water, snacks, matches, first aid kit, pocket knife, blanket, booster cables, flares, hats, socks, mittens, medications and rope or tow chain.

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## Follow us on Twitter at

#### http://www.hindscountyms.com/departments/emergency-management

#### **Staff Email Addresses:**

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Prevention ~ Protection~ Mitigation ~ Response ~ Recovery

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Phone: 601.960.1476 Phone: 601.968.6771 Fax: 601.355.9943 Emergency Management protects communities by coordinating and integrating all activities necessary to build, sustain, and improve the capability to prepare for, protect against, mitigate against, respond to, and recover from threatened or actual natural disasters, acts of terrorism, or other manmade disasters.